T321-93		49/30/14
T321-309		200 / 95 / 14
T321-338		221 / 103 / 14
T321-383		135 / 128 / 120
. 32. 333		
T321-388		212 / 162 / 14
1321 300		Z1Z // 10Z // 1-r
T321-426		178 / 153 / 95
1 321 - 420		1/0/133/73
T701 170		9447494744
T321-439		241 / 184 / 14
T321-462		248 / 200 / 14
	1 00	
T321-505		178 / 169 / 158
14 M		
T321-512		212 / 186 / 114
T321-553		229 / 200 / 124
No.		
T321-570		206 / 197 / 167
No.		2001 111 1 101
T321-631		229 / 218 / 184
1 321 031		ZZ// ZIO/ IO-r
T321-632	1	223 / 212 / 197
1 321 - 032		
T721 70F		959 / 941 / 919
T321-705		252 / 241 / 212
7704 740		
T321-718		252 / 248 / 218

Note one. This drawing and drawings CE1 and CE2, show the forty-eight *Eidicolours*. To create an *Eidicolour*, beyond rearranging the RGB numbers of the *Foundationcolours*, any *Tokhromaratio* and its corresponding *Tokhromarefinements* can be divided into 255.

Note two. Each *Eidicolour* is defined by a *Khromacode*, and this code is based on a grouping defined by the order of the numbers making up its RGB reference, followed by the sum of the three RGB numbers.

Note three. There are also non-code references for the above colours, with these a combination of the term for the basic colour type followed by the second number of the code, such as *Blue-734* for *T123-734* or *Kakao-95* for *T312-95* etc. The exception to this rule being colour *T123-335*, the first to be created, with this known by its original reference *Demokratiablue*.