	107 /100 /100
T231-331	103 / 128 / 100
T231-410	128 / 158 / 124
T231-710	241 / 248 / 221
T231-727	245 / 248 / 234
T231-744	248 / 252 / 244
	<i>∞</i> .
T312-64	36/10/18
	Kil
T312-95	36/29/30
	.0
T312 - 114	70/14/30
	*
T312 - 149	89 / 24 / 36
16	
T312-210	167 / 19 / 24
T312-244	195 / 19 / 30
T312 - 328	137 / 80 / 111
::0E	
T312 - 596	234 / 167 / 195
T312 - 721	252 / 234 / 235
T321-63	30/19/14
T321-81	43/32/6

Note one. This drawing and drawings CE1 and CE3, show the forty-eight *Eidicolours*. To create an *Eidicolour*, beyond rearranging the RGB numbers of the *Foundationcolours*, any *Tokhromaratio* and its corresponding *Tokhromarefinements* can be divided into 255.

Note two. Each *Eidicolour* is defined by a *Khromacode*, and this code is based on a grouping defined by the order of the numbers making up its RGB reference, followed by the sum of the three RGB numbers.

Note three. There are also non-code references for the above colours, with these a combination of the term for the basic colour type followed by the second number of the code, such as *Blue-734* for *T123-734* or *Kakao-95* for *T312-95* etc. The exception to this rule being colour *T123-335*, the first to be created, with this known by its original reference *Demokratiablue*.